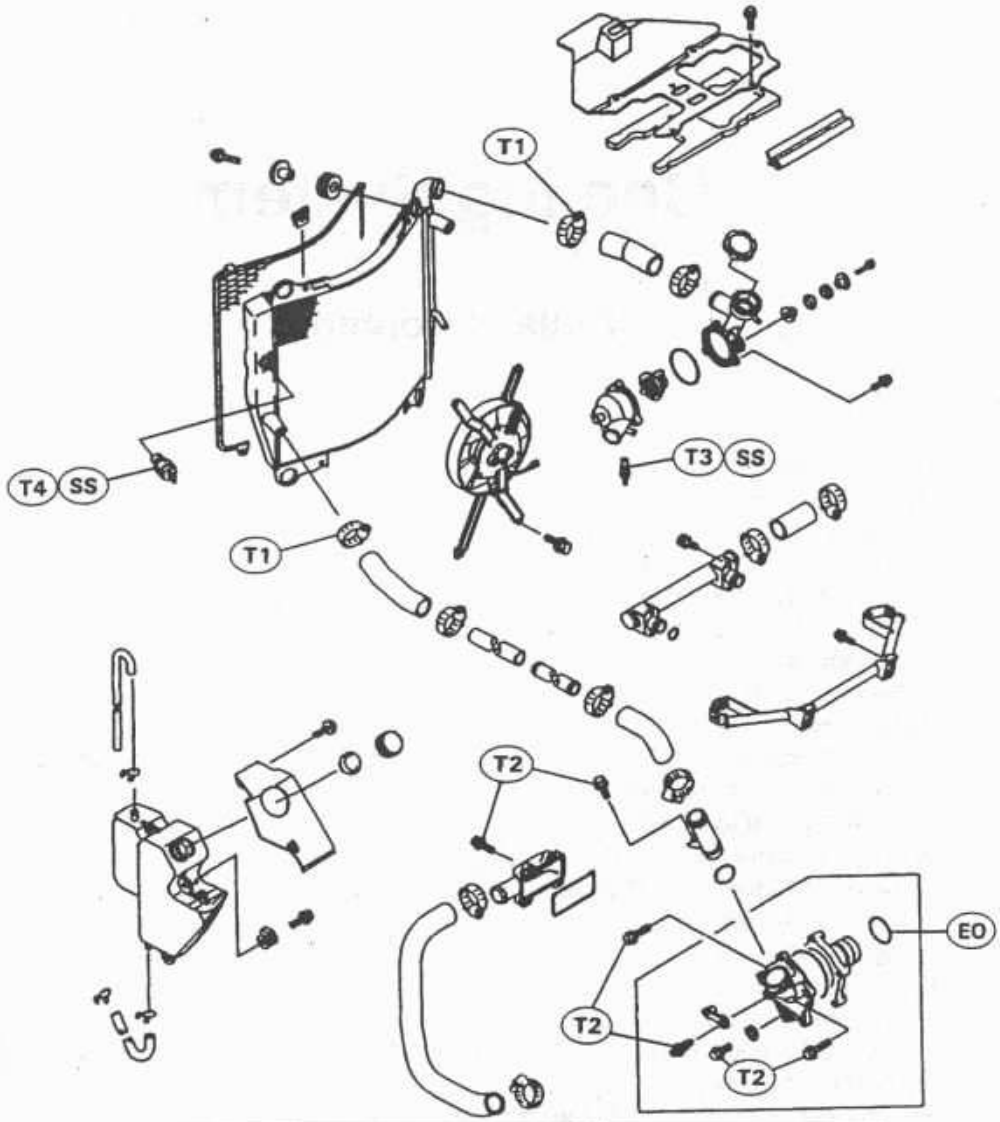
Cooling System

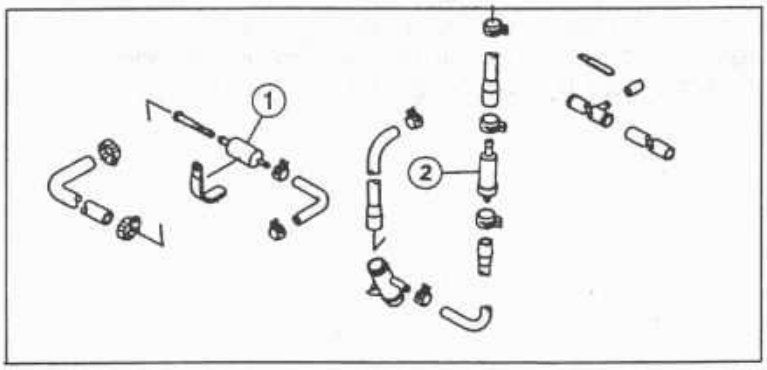
3

Table of Contents

Exploded View



ZX750-P:



(AR, FG, FR, IT, KR, NL, ST, UK Models)

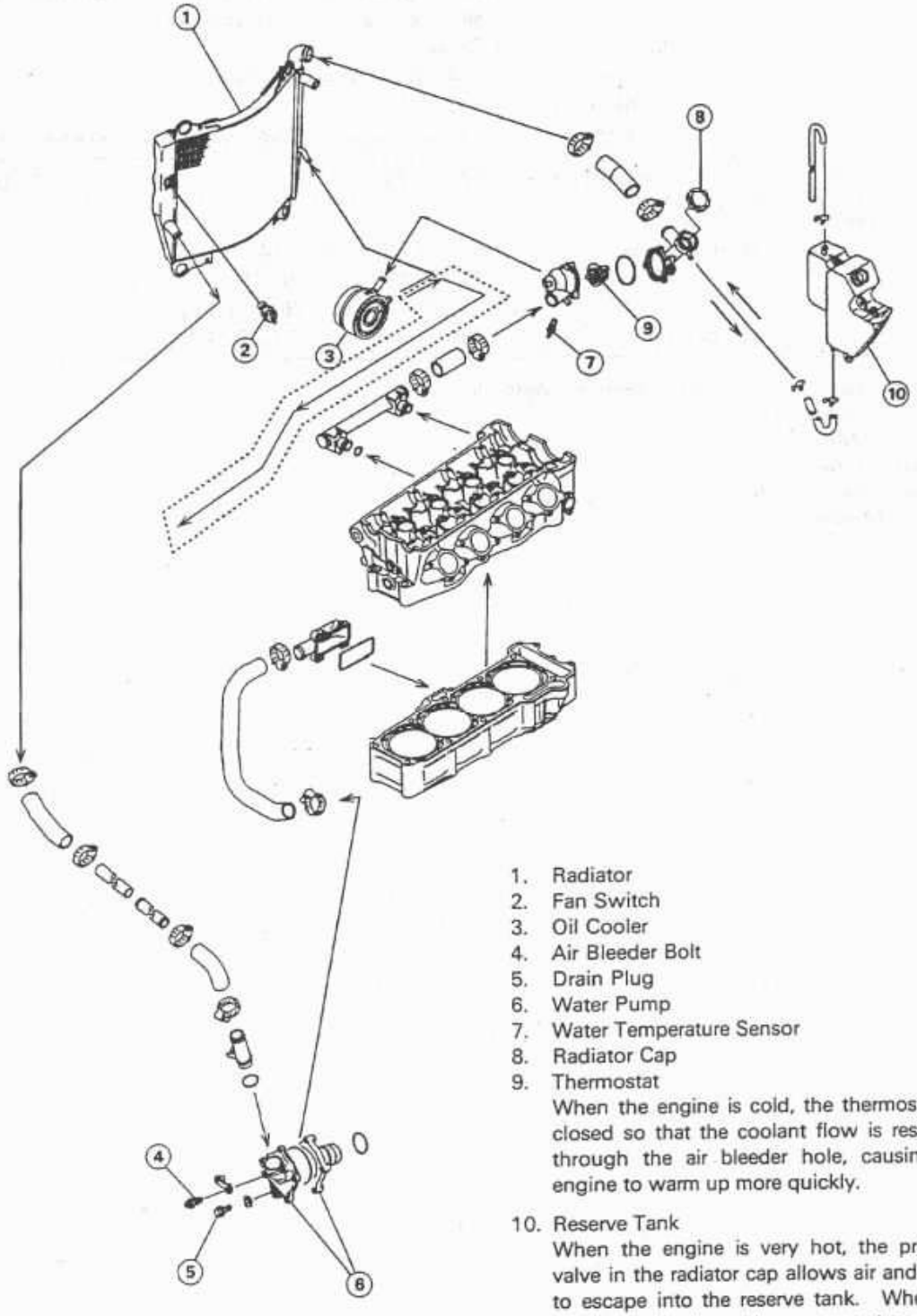
EO:Apply engine oil.
SS:Apply silicone sealant.

T1: 2.5 N-m (0.25 kg-m, 22 in-lb)
T2: 9.8 N-m (1.0 kg-m, 87 in-lb)
T3: 15 N-m (1.5 kg-m, 11.0 ft-lb)
T4: 18 N-m (1.8 kg-m, 13.0 ft-lb)

AR: Austria
FG: Germany
FR: France
IT: Italy
KR: Korea
NL: Netherland
ST: Switzerland
UK: U.K.

1. Coolant Filter
2. Valve Assy

Coolant Flow Chart



1. Radiator
2. Fan Switch
3. Oil Cooler
4. Air Bleeder Bolt
5. Drain Plug
6. Water Pump
7. Water Temperature Sensor
8. Radiator Cap
9. Thermostat
   When the engine is cold, the thermostant is closed so that the coolant flow is restricted through the air bleeder hole, causing the engine to warm up more quickly.
10. Reserve Tank
    When the engine is very hot, the pressure valve in the radiator cap allows air and vapor to escape into the reserve tank. When the engine cools down, the pressure drop draws the vacuum valve (another small valve) open, admitting coolant from the reserve tank into the radiator.

Specifications

Item		Standard
Coolant provided when shipping:		
	Type	Permanent type antifreeze (soft water and ethylene glycol plus corrosion and rust inhibitor chemicals for aluminum engines and radiators)
	Color	Green
	Mixed ratio	Soft water 50%, coolant 50%
	Freezing point	−35°C (−31°F)
	Total amount	2.6L (reserve tank full level including radiator and engine)
Radiator cap	Relief pressure:	93 ~ 123 kPa (0.95 ~ 1.25 kg/cm², 14 ~ 18 psi)
Thermostat:		
	Valve opening temperature	58 ~ 62°C (136 ~ 144 °F) ZX750P2: (FG)(FR)(IT)(ST)(UK) 80 ~ 84°C (176 ~ 183°F)
	Valve full opening lift	8mm or more @95°C (203 °F)

Sealant – Kawasaki Bond (Silicone Sealant): 56019-120

(FG): Germany Model
(FR): France Model
(IT): Italy Model
(ST): Switzerland Model
(UK): U.K. Model

Coolant

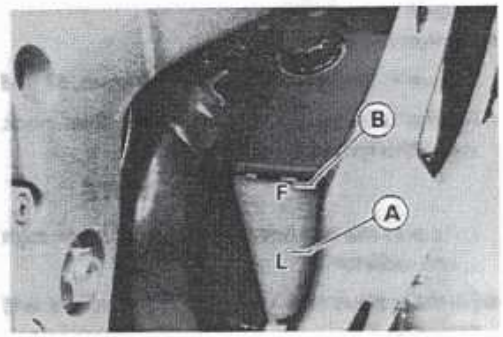
Coolant Level Inspection

NOTE

○ *Check the level when the engine is cold (room or ambient temperature).*

● Check the coolant level in the reserve tank with the motorcycle held perpendicular.

★ If the coolant level is lower than the "L" (Low) level line [A], add coolant to the "F" (Full) level line [B].



CAUTION

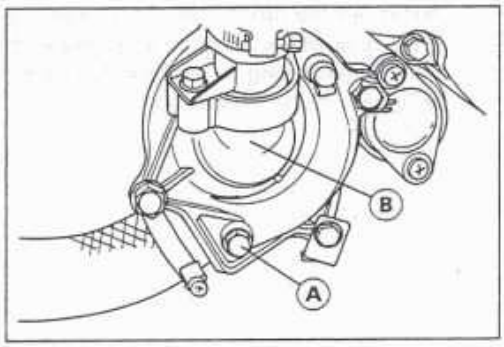
For refilling, add the specified mixture of coolant and soft water. Adding water alone dilutes the coolant and degrades its anticorrosion properties. The diluted coolant can attack the aluminum engine parts. In an emergency, soft water alone can be added. But the diluted coolant must be returned to the correct mixture ratio within a few days.
If coolant must be added often, or the reservoir tank has run completely dry; there is probably leakage in the cooling system. Check the system for leaks.

Coolant Draining

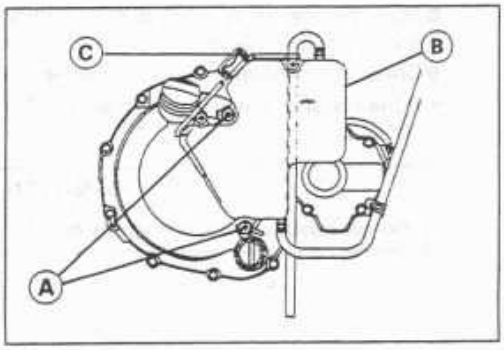
⚠WARNING

To avoid burns, do not remove the radiator cap or try to change the coolant when the engine is still hot. Wait until it cools down.
Coolant on tires will make them slippery and can cause an accident and injury. Immediately wipe up or wash away any coolant that spills on the frame, engine, or other painted parts.
Since coolant is harmful to the human body, do not use for drinking.

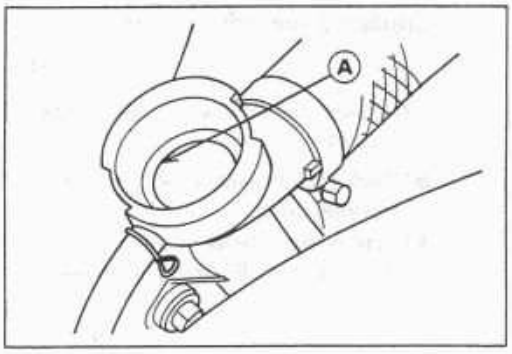
● Remove:
Right Inner Fairing and Lower Fairings (see Frame chapter)
Radiator Cap
● Place a container under the drain plug [A] at the bottom of the water pump [B].
● Drain the coolant from the radiator and engine by removing the drain plug.



● Remove:
Mounting Bolts [A]
Reserve Tank [B]
● Remove the cap [C] and pour the coolant into a container.



Coolant Filling



● Tighten the drain plug.

Torque – Drain Plug: 9.8 N-m (1.0 kg-m, 87 in-lb)

● Fill the radiator up to the radiator filler neck [A] with coolant, and install the radiator cap.

NOTE

○ *Pour in the coolant slowly so that it can expel the air from the engine and radiator.*

● Fill the reserve tank up to the "F" level line with coolant, and install the cap.

CAUTION

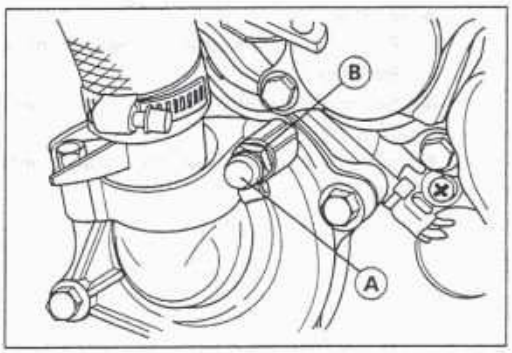
Soft or distilled water must be used with the antifreeze (see below for antifreeze) in the cooling system.
If hard water is used in the system, it causes scales accumulation in the water passages, and considerably reduces the efficiency of the cooling system.

Water and Coolant Mixture Ratio (Recommended)

Soft Water	:	**50%**
Coolant	:	**50%**
Freezing Point	:	**−35°C (−31°F)**
Total Amount	:	**2.6 L**

NOTE

○ *Choose a suitable mixture ratio by referring to the coolant manufacturer's directions.*



● Remove the rubber cap [A], and loosen the air bleeder bolt [B], until the coolant begins to flow out the air bleeder bolt hole (that is, when all the remaining air has been forced out).
● Tighten the air bleeder bolt.

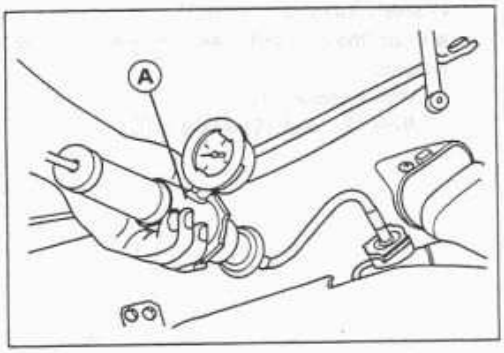
● Start the engine, warm it up thoroughly until the radiator fan turns on and then stop the engine.
● Check the coolant level in the reserve tank after the engine cools down.
★ If the coolant level is lower than the "L" level line, add coolant to the "F" level line.

CAUTION

Do not add more coolant above the "F" level line.

Pressure Testing

- Remove the inner fairing (see Frame chapter).
- Remove the radiator cap, and install a cooling system pressure tester [A] on the filler neck.



NOTE

○ *Wet the cap sealing surfaces with water or coolant to prevent pressure leaks.*

- Build up pressure in the system carefully until the pressure reaches 123 kPa (1.25 kg/cm², 18 psi).

CAUTION
During pressure testing, do not exceed the pressure for which the system is designed. The maximum pressure is 123 kPa (1.25 kg/cm², 18 psi).

- Watch the gauge for at least 6 seconds.

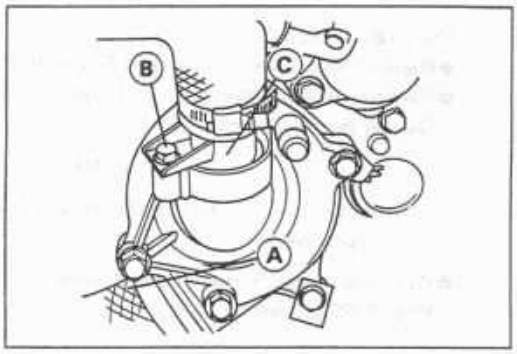
★If the pressure holds steady, the system is all right.

★If the pressure drops soon, check for leaks.

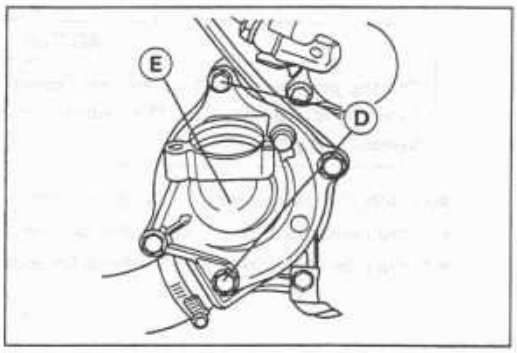
Water Pump

Water Pump Removal

- Drain the coolant (see Coolant Draining).
- Remove:
  Water Hose [A]
  Bolt [B] and Water Pipe [C]

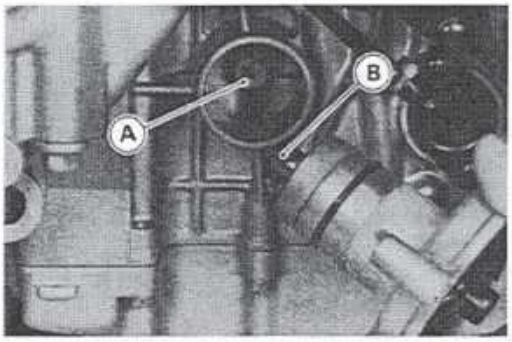


Bolts [D] and Water Pump [E]



Water Pump Installation

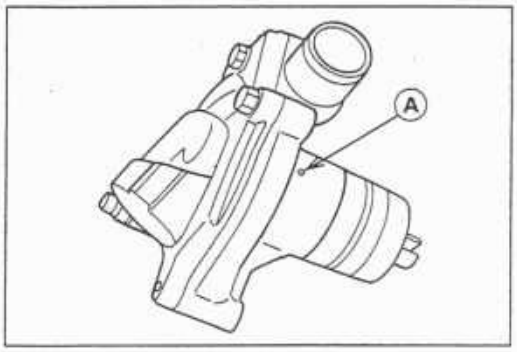
- Note the position of the oil pump shaft projection [A] and turn the water pump shaft so that the projection fits into the slot [B].



Water Pump Inspection

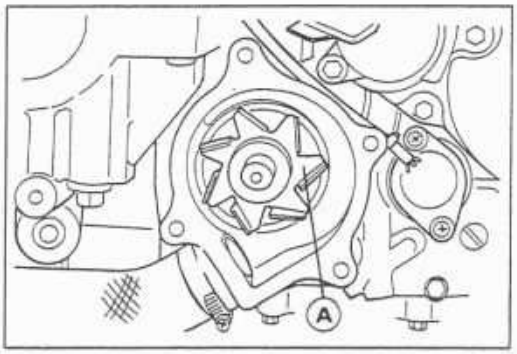
- Check the drainage outlet passage [A] at the side of the water pump body for coolant leaks.

★If the mechanical seal is damaged, the coolant leaks through the seal and drains through the passage. Replace the water pump unit with a new one.



- Visually inspect the impeller [A].

★If the surface is corroded, or if the blades are damaged, replace the water pump unit with a new one.



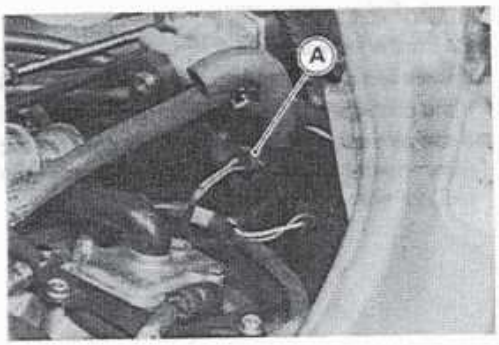
Radiator, Radiator Fan

Radiator, Radiator Fan Removal

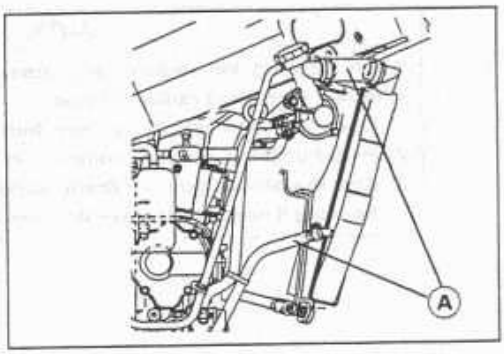
⚠WARNING

The radiator fan is connected directly to the battery. The radiator fan may start even if the ignition switch is off. NEVER TOUCH THE RADIATOR FAN UNTIL THE RADIATOR FAN CONNECTOR IS DISCONNECTED. TOUCHING THE FAN BEFORE THE CONNECTOR IS DISCONNECTED COULD CAUSE INJURY FROM THE FAN BLADES.

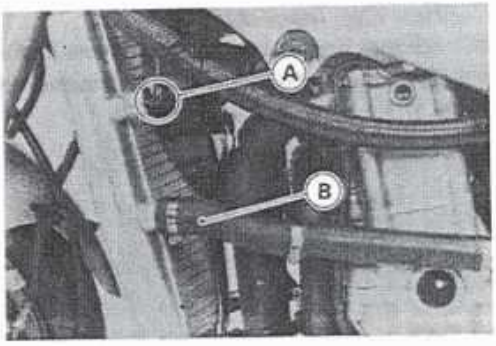
● Remove:
Fuel Tank (see Fuel System chapter)
Upper and Lower Fairings (see Frame chapter)
Coolant (see Coolant Draining)
Radiator Fan Connector [A]



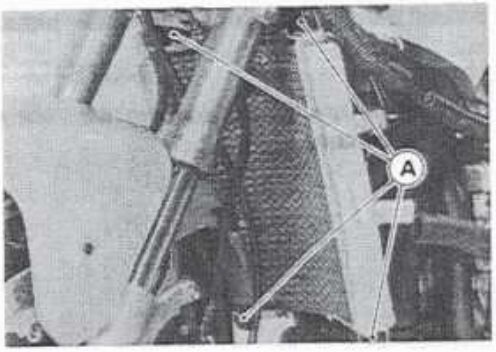
Radiator Hoses [A]



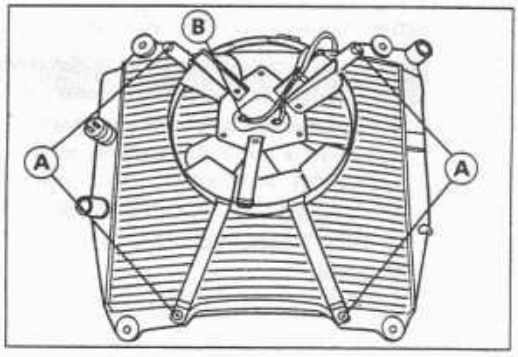
Fan Switch Leads [A]
Radiator Hose [B]



Radiator Mounting Bolts [A]
Radiator



Radiator Fan Mounting Bolts [A]
Radiator Fan [B]



Radiator Inspection

- Check the radiator core.

★If there are obstructions to air flow, remove them.

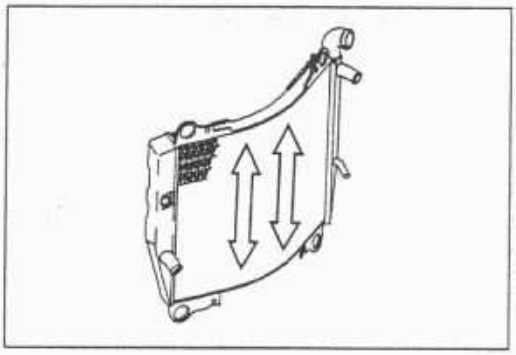
★If the corrugated fins are deformed, carefully straighten them.

★If the air passages of the radiator core are blocked more than 20% by unremovable obstructions or irreparably deformed fins, replace the radiator with a new one.

CAUTION

When cleaning the radiator with steam cleaner, be careful of the following to prevent radiator damage.

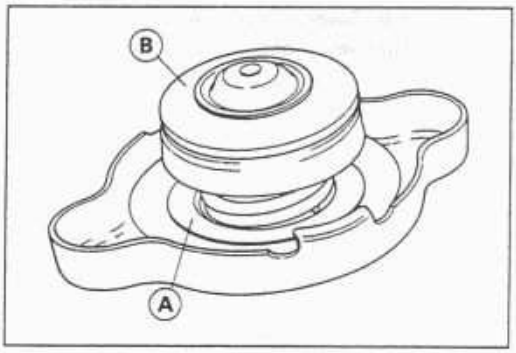
1) Keep the steam gun away more than 0.5 m from the radiator core.
2) Hold the steam gun perpendicular to the core surface.
3) Run the steam gun vertically following the core fin direction. Running it horizontally may damage the fin.



Radiator Cap Inspection

- Check the condition of the top [A] and bottom [B] valve seals.

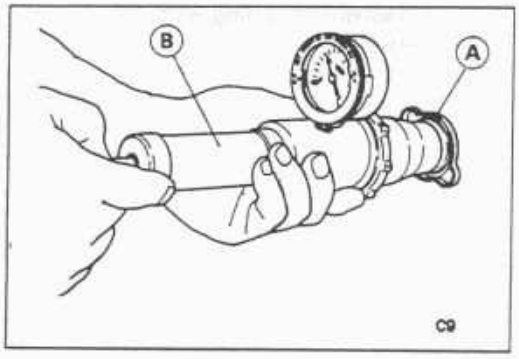
★If any one of them shows visible damage, replace the cap with a new one.



- Install the cap [A] on a cooling system pressure tester [B].

NOTE

○ *Wet the cap sealing surfaces with water or coolant to prevent pressure leaks.*



● Watching the pressure gauge, pump the pressure tester to build up the pressure until the relief valve opens: the gauge hand flicks downward. Stop pumping at once. The relief valve must open within the specified range in the table below and the gauge hand must remain within the same range at least 6 seconds.

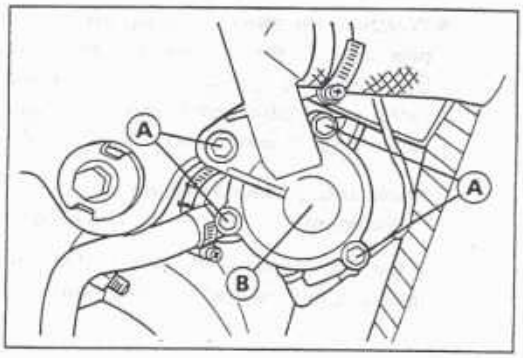
Radiator Cap Relief Pressure
Standard: **93 ~ 123 kPa (0.95 ~ 1.25 kg/cm^2,14 ~ 18 psi)**

★ If the cap cannot hold the specified pressure, or if it holds too much pressure, replace it with a new one.

Thermostat

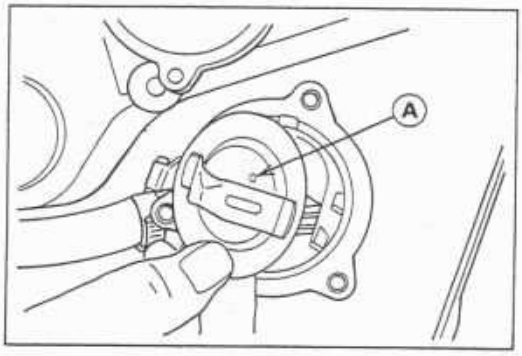
Thermostat Removal

● Remove:
Coolant (see Coolant Draining)
Bolts [A] and Thermostat Housing Cover [B]
Thermostat

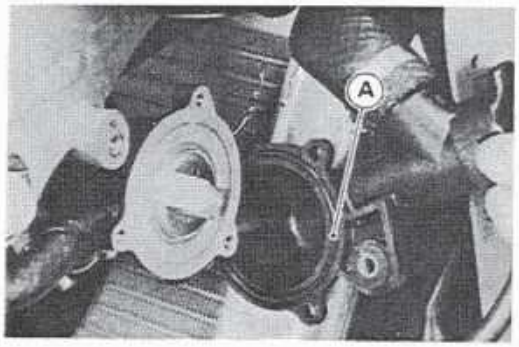


Thermostat Installation

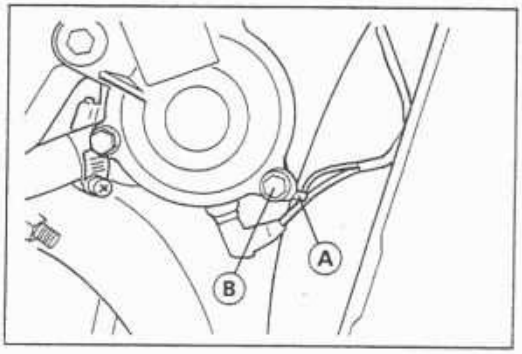
● Install the thermostat in the thermostat housing so that the air bleeder hole [A] is on top as shown.



● Be sure to install the O-ring [A] on the housing cover.

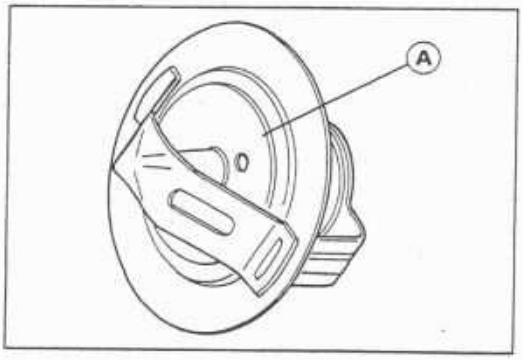


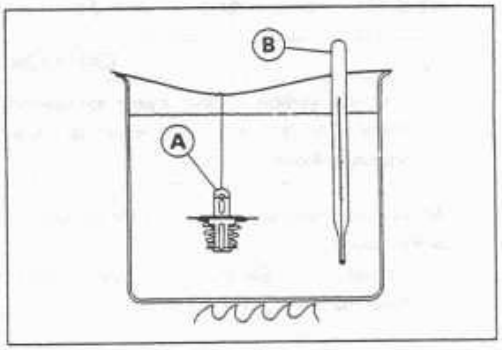
● Be sure to attach the ground lead [A] to the cover bolt [B].
● Fill the radiator with coolant.



Thermostat Inspection

● Remove the thermostat, and inspect the thermostat valve [A] at room temperature.
★ If the valve is open, replace the thermostat with a new one.





● To check valve opening temperature, suspend the thermostat [A] in a container of water and raise the temperature of the water.
[B] Thermometer

★ If the measurement is out of the specified range, replace the thermostat with a new one.

Thermostat Valve Opening Temperature
58 ~ 62°C (136 ~ 144°F)
ZX750P2: (FG)(FR)(IT)(ST)(UK)
80 ~ 84°C (176 ~ 183°F)

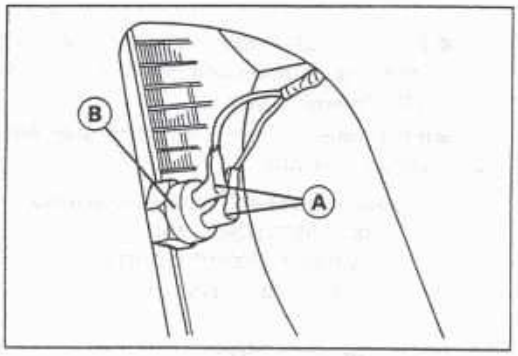
(FG): Germany Model
(FR): France Model
(IT): Italy Model
(ST): Switzerland Model
(UK): U.K. Model

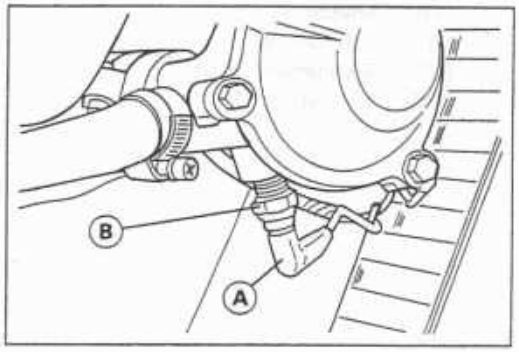
Radiator Fan Switch, Water Temperature Sensor

Radiator Fan Switch, Water Temperature Sensor Removal

CAUTION

The fan switch or the water temperature sensor should never be allowed to fall on a hard surface. Such a shock to their parts can damage them.





- Drain the coolant (see Coolant Draining).
- Remove:
  Radiator Fan Switch Lead Connectors [A]
  Radiator Fan Switch [B]

  Water Temperature Sensor Lead Connector [A]
  Water Temperature Sensor [B]

Radiator Fan Switch, Water Temperature Sensor Installation

- Apply silicone sealant to the threads of the fan switch and water temperature sensor.

  Sealant – Kawasaki Bond (Silicone Sealant): 56019-120

- Tighten the fan switch and water temperature sensor.

  Torque – Radiator Fan Switch : 18 N-m (1.8 kg-m, 13.0 ft-lb)
  Water Temperature Sensor : 15 N-m (1.5 kg-m, 11.0 ft-lb)

Radiator Fan Switch, Water Temperature Sensor Inspection

- Refer to Electrical System chapter for these inspection.